## /nat·tha·kan·ya/

#### flowfillment urbanism

Reformatting Land Advanced Studio: Spring 2018 School: California College of the Arts Professor: Neeraj Bhatia Partner: Namhi Kwun

We nominated San Leandro bay in California which in coming years urban challenges facing rising sea levels and rising house prices. Our project, Flowfilment urbanism, is a fulfilment center that brings opportunities to create domesticated logistic building. We examined different states of land and water to consider how ecological and logistic center find synergetic relationships to coexist and ideally become better by being each other.

To domesticate logistic building first we managed the height into 15 feet by understanding capacity of forklift and the height of the shelves. Usually normal logistic buildings are 25 to 30 feet tall due to the shelving heights. The building becomes just a staging ground for the shelves to move vertically. The shelves can hang from the building, and does not need to situate on the ground level. Therefore, ecology could work throughout the time. The middle layer which is logistical layer that is more organized into like little city blocks. The top layer is expanded and built upon the structure of logistic building. Some part of the building is storage for shelving below, and the main system of that is providing diffused light from omnidirectional access. Housings are not only for people working here and living here, but also this is open to anyone who wants to rent. The trade-offs are affordable rent. The main reason for that is because you are living on the ground that has been produced by larger company and leasing some of your space for shelving below.

It brings opportunity because buildings are situated off from the ground level, ecology could work overtime, and more publics and residents could animate with ecology at the ground floor. Also, the building became smaller and takes advantages with underlayer by being off the ground, now shelves are hang below from logistic level. The trade offs are affordable housing and created cultural moments like buying cheaper goods without creating more carbon footprints and creates work opportunity. Lastly, it changes the conversation by being aggressively putting all together up against local ecology. It is showing global capitalism is putting value towards environmental system.





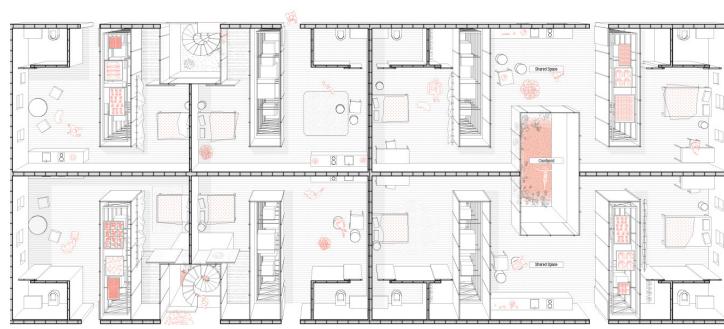




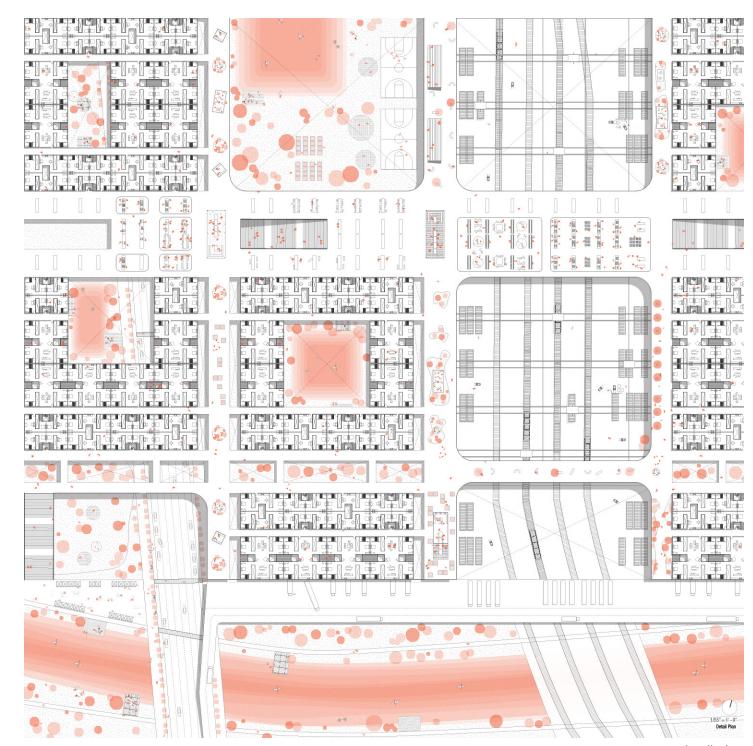
master plan: ground level

master plan: top level

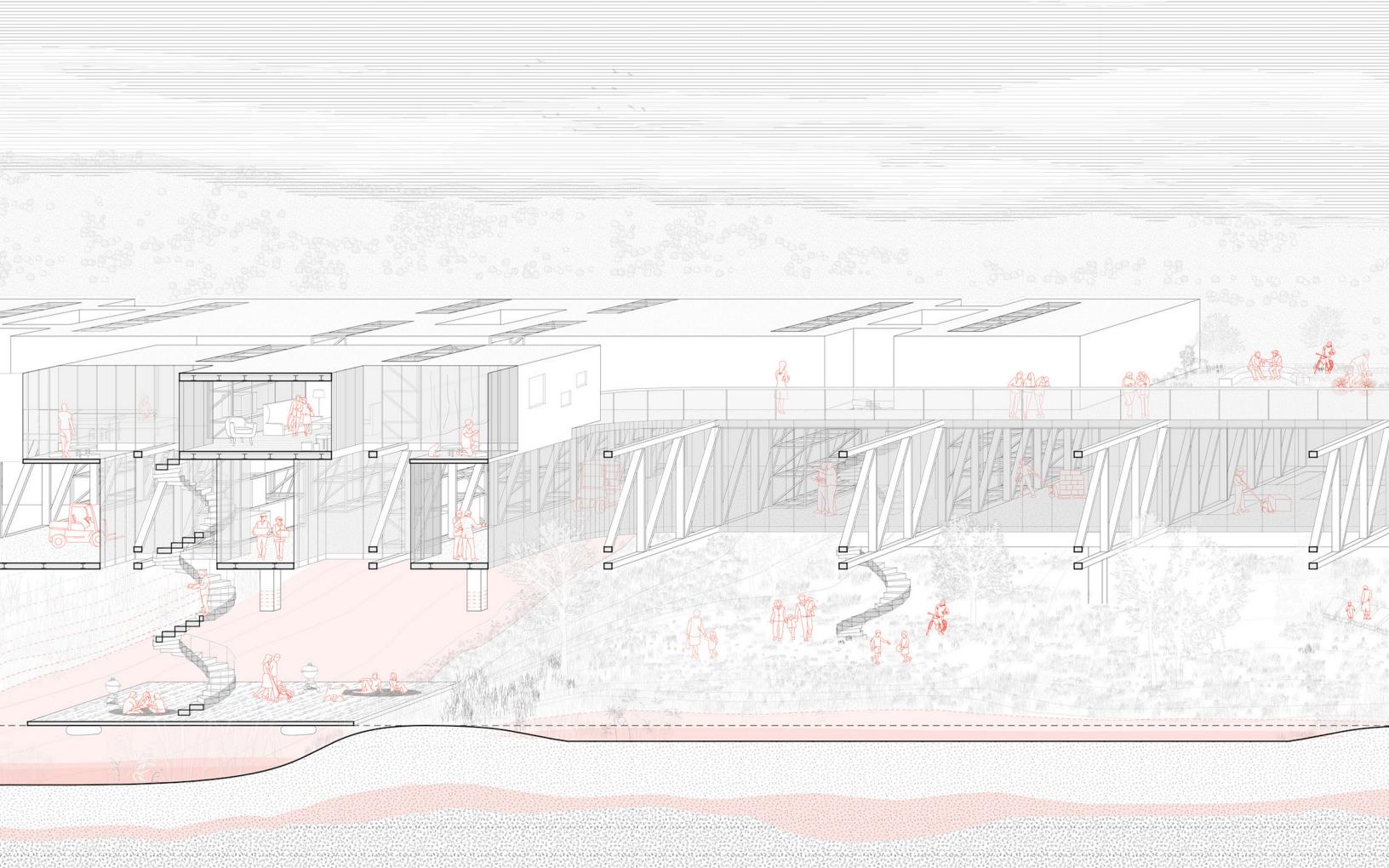


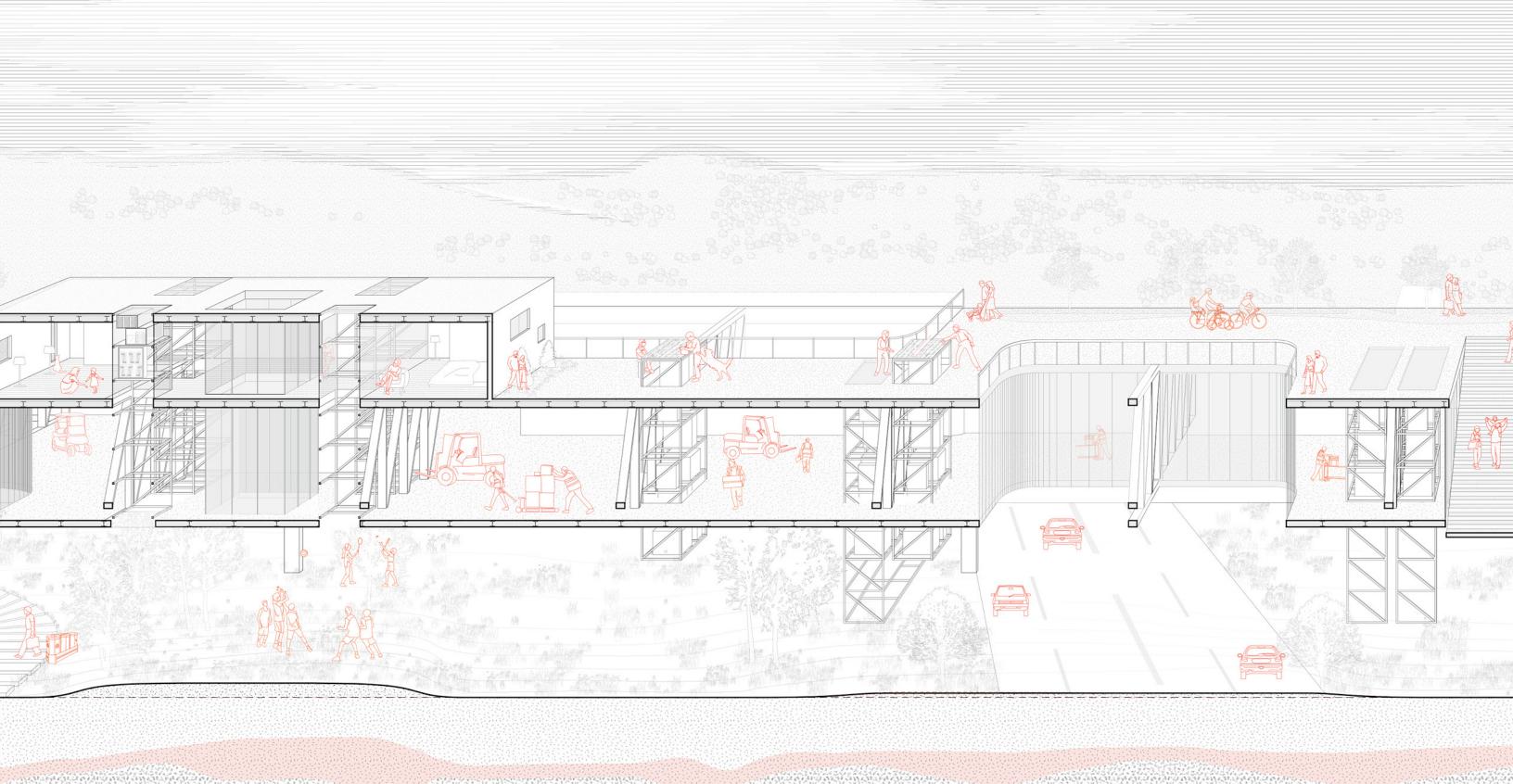


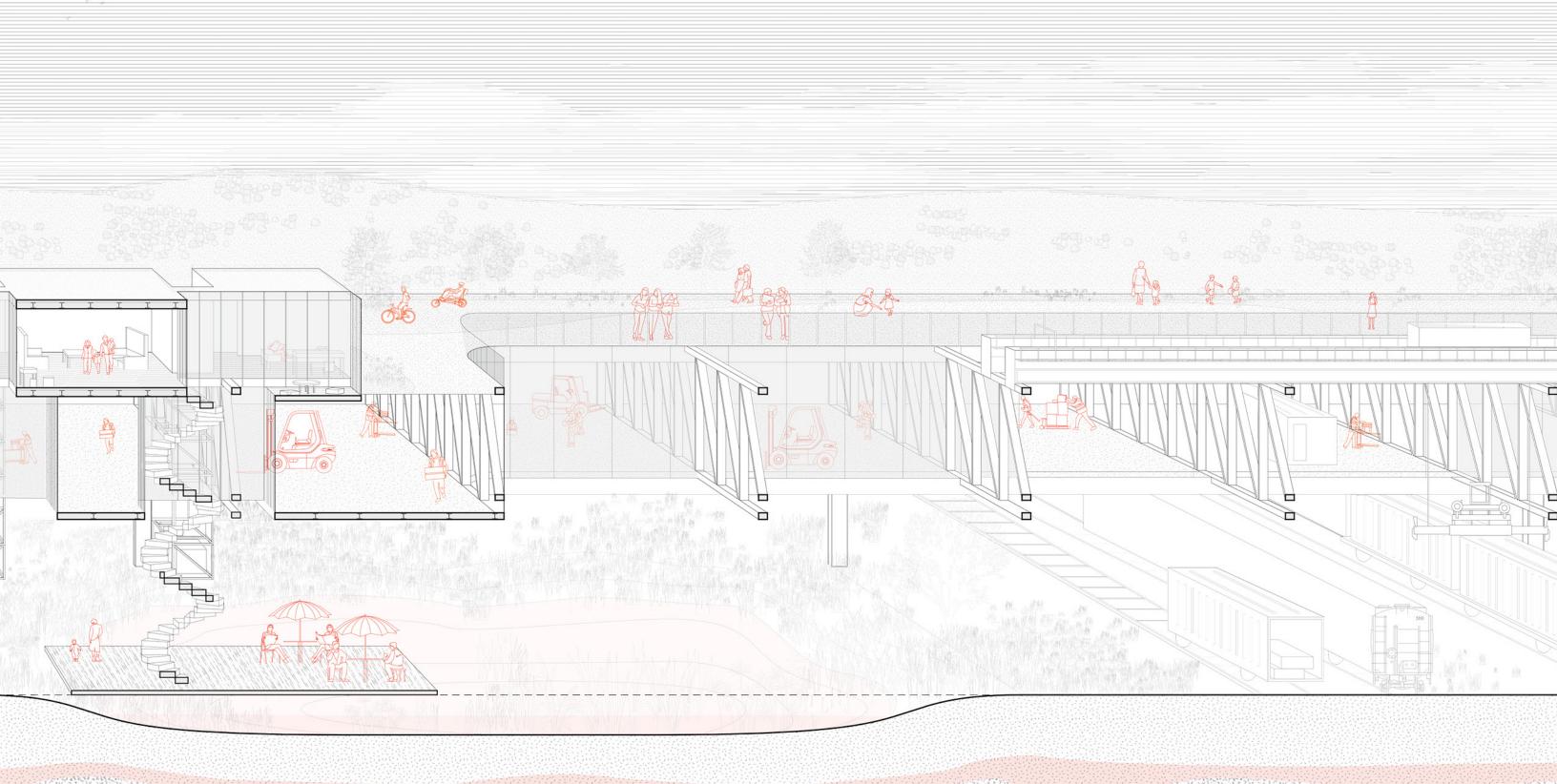
until typologies



detail plan









#### a reason to stay

Known Unknowns: Scales of Inclusion Advanced Studio: Fall 2017 School: California College of the Arts Professor: Janette Kim Partners: Mia Candelaria and Cassady Kenney

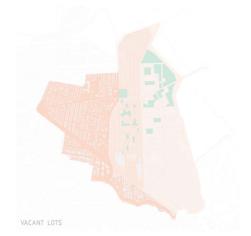
When we visited East Palo Alto, the most prominent aspect of the city that struck us was its liveliness. The sense of community was energetic and omnipresent. Bouncy houses popped up on every street, kids played outdoors and the smell of BBQ was everywhere. It was apparent to us, despite all the seemingly negative aspects we had been researching, that East Palo Alto residents value their community as one of the last affordable cities in the Bay area. At the same time, though, about 20% of the city as residents live below the poverty line and have limited access even to jobs that require long commutes made worse by inadequate public transportation. The city has extremely high water table and low-lying topography also make it exceptionally vulnerable to flooding.

In our design, it was important to us to maintain this sense of community and lifestyle while addressing the risks that climate change has created. We propose to create floating housing on ponds fed by rising groundwater, a network of dock systems and high-density raised housing all to enable communities to live with water and promote resilience without displacement. At an urban scale, our project enables incremental change and increasing density. At the scale of the individual, we focused on maintaining the integrity of the city's culture and open space so valued in suburbia.

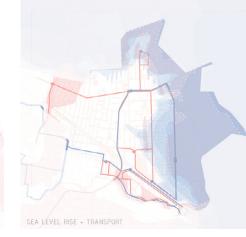








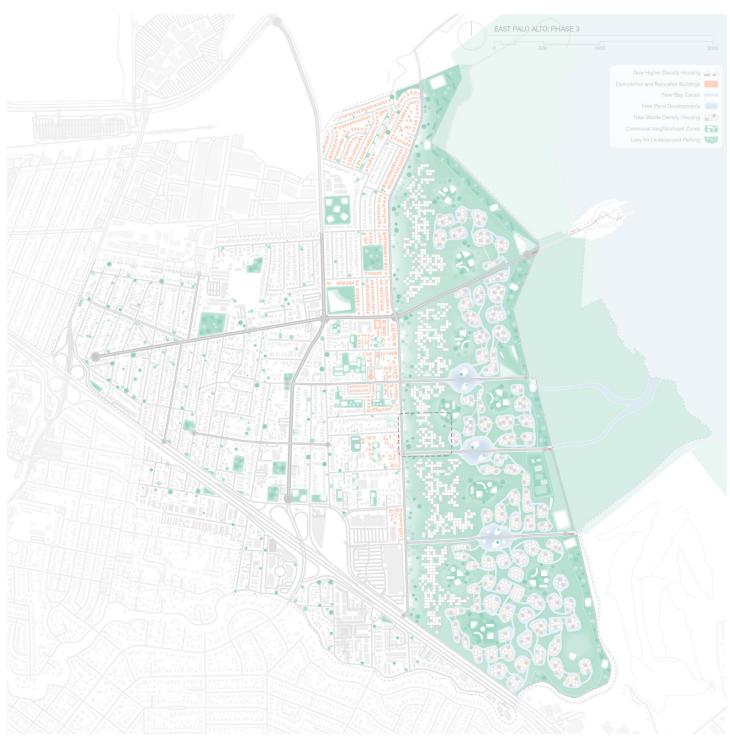








master plan: mapping







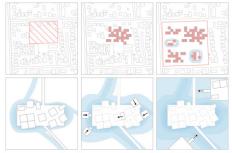
PHASE 2: TRAM + BUILT VACANT LOTS

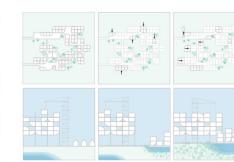
master plan: phase three

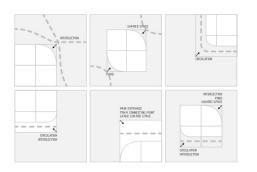
#### INCREMENTAL

INCREMENTAL

TYPOLOGIES







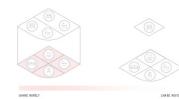
SHARED TOPOLOGIES

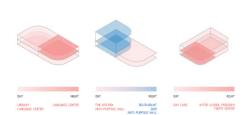
SHARED TOPOLOGIES

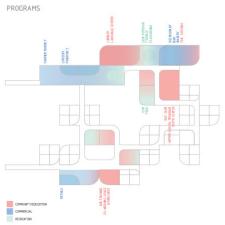
PROGRAMS

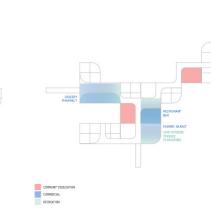
PROGRAMS





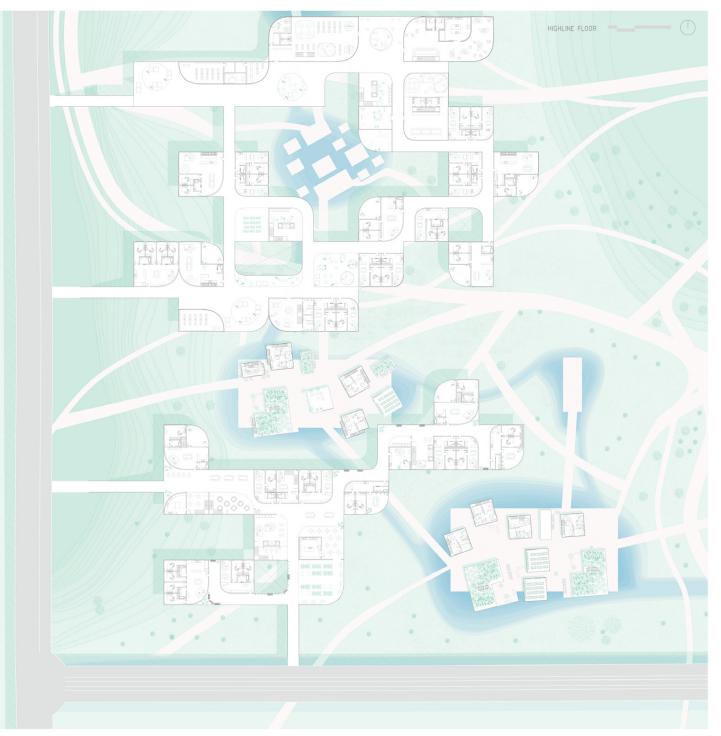








diagrams



second floor plan



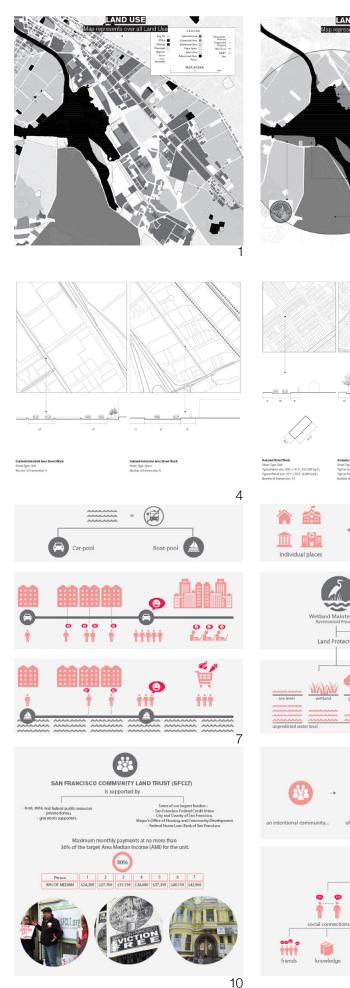


#### research

Reformatting Land / Known Unknowns: Scales of Inclusion Advanced Studios, Spring 2018 / Fall 2017 School: California College of the Arts Professor: Neeraj Bhatia / Janette Kim

These two studios collaborated with the Urban Works Agency and the All Bay Collective to inform their contribution to the Bay Area: Resilient by Design Challenge.

- 1-6 Building Stock: Land organization and development San Leodro Bay, Reformatting Land
- 7-9 Social Equity + Justice: Social InfrastructureThe Bay Area, Known Unknowns: Scales of Inclusion
- 9-12 Social Equity + Justice: Eco-districts and Cooperatives The Bay Area, Known Unknowns: Scales of Inclusion







Alumeda Street Block Street Type: 6id Typical block size: 228' x 610'(137,250 sq.ft) Typical Parcel size: 60' x 35'(3,500 sq.ft) Namber of Intersection: 28 Bay Fran Island Street Block Street Type: Spine Typical block size : 250° x : 420° (10,600 sq.ft.) Typical Parcel size: 100° x 45° (4,500 sq.ft.) Number of blockstreading: 20





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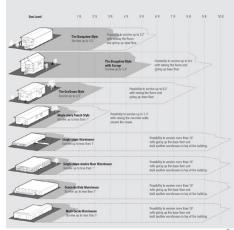
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slow down process



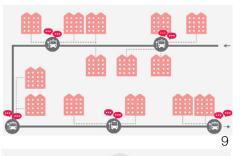












TALBOT-NORFOLK TRIANGLE (TNT)

TALBOT-NORFOLK TRIANGLE (TNT) ECO-INNOVATION DISTRICT BOSTON, MA, USA - JUNE 2017

Solar panel Tabut Common LED Comm

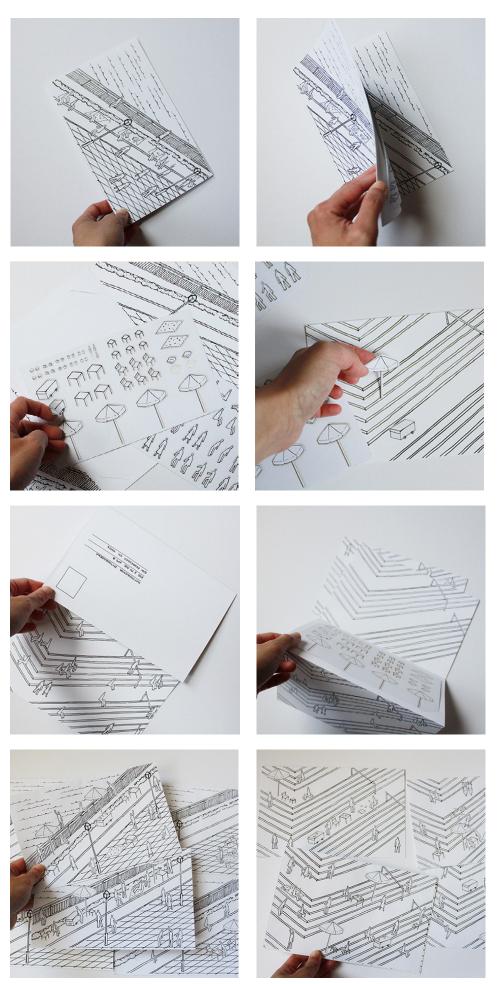
> cing greenhouse gasses in the TNT EID by 11 percent

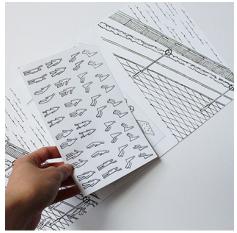
#### urban toolkit

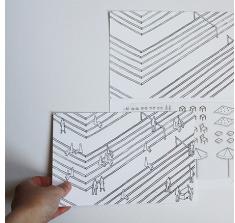
Spatial Genealogy Seminar: Spring 2018 School: California College of the Arts Professor: Christopher Falliers

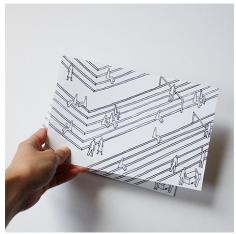
A Urban Toolkit project is a final 'Book' project for the class and also my going on researching and documenting project of observing public infrastructures which are used informal way. As an architect who interest in designing public space, I try to find the way to build my toolset that can be part of observing cities and people, learning about places and activities, and documenting them through drawings. I also see this project as a new tool for asking and getting community opinion through the interaction with a postcard, stickers and pens.

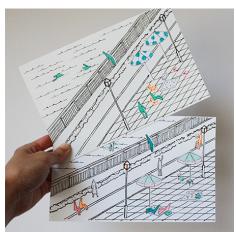
A full postcard package has three parts: informational part; a drawing of the place will its currently use, experimental part; a drawing of the place will no use, and toolkit; a set of stickers or pens. People who receive the postcard will get to learn information of the place and create their own activity. They will be able to keep informational part and send back experimental part to my address.











#### build your own...

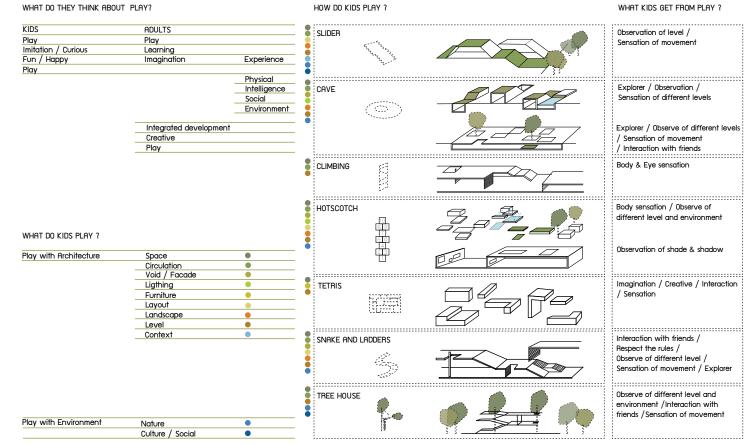
Placemaking Seminar: Summer 2017 School: California College of the Arts Professor: Elizabeth Lessig and Monica Martinez

As a designer, I want to be able to design a meeting area that users can create and interact with an activity which I provide. Why does this project focus on a meeting area? The idea of a meeting space is a result from the location of the project, located at Jane Warner Plaza in the Castro district. This site is the intersection of Market Street, Castro Street, and 17th Street. It is also the junction of public transportations such as Muni Metro station, F-line streetcar and the 24th bus stop. For these reasons, this plaza is a location to be a meeting space. Another reason is based on my experience in the neighborhood; my friends and I often do not know exactly which cafe, restaurant, or bar we would like to go, or we cannot arrive there at the same time. In general, waiting for someone is not always fun; therefore, we need some place where we can meet and wait. The design by building or adjusting their own seat or table that match with their proportion. This building process will be very simple and similar to putting furniture or playing Lego. This project will not engage people with only design, but it also allows people to connect with each other by sharing the idea of building the seat.



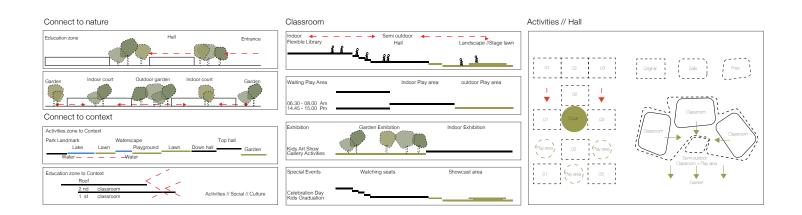
#### creative thinking kindergarten

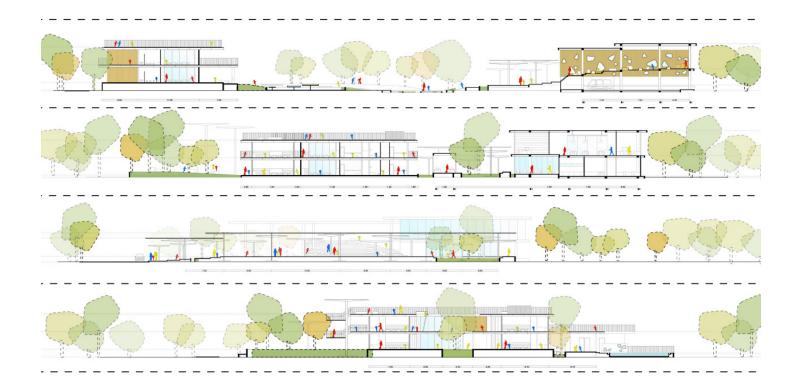
Undergraduate Thesis Thesis Studio: 2012 School: King Mongkul's Institute of Technology Ladkrabang (KMITL) Professor: Pornphut Suppa-aim

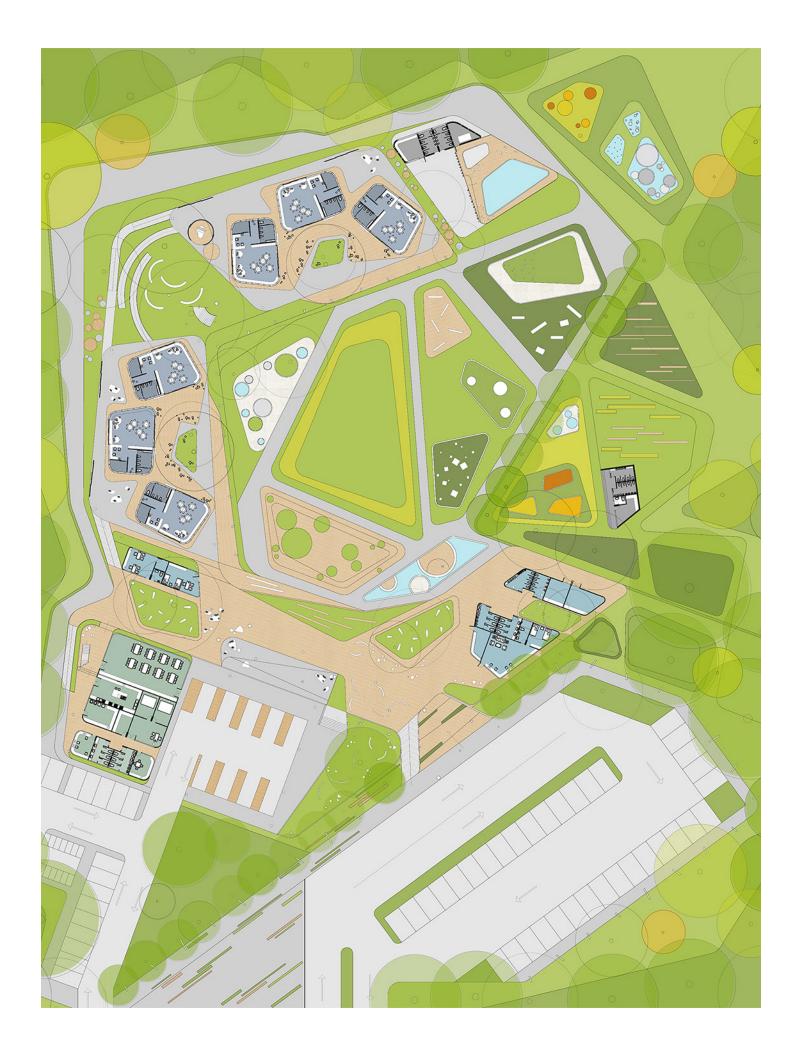






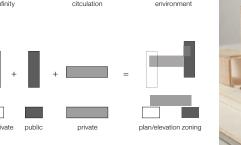






### undergraduate projects

- 1-6 Infinity House Extended Family Housing and Home Office 3rd year Undergraduate Design Studio King Mongkul's Institute of Technology Ladkrabang (KMITL)
- 6-12 BN+R Hospital A hospital with 500 patient rooms 4th year Undergraduate Design Studio Partner: Jarupong Ug-Sirisakul King Mongkul's Institute of Technology Ladkrabang (KMITL)













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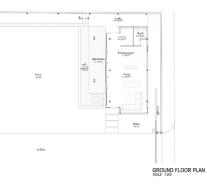


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#### professional work experience

- EEC-Engineering Network Office 1-3 Work Experience with Paa Studio Co.Ltd Bangkok, Thailand
- 4-6 Navathani Housing Work Experience with Paa Studio Co.Ltd Bangkok, Thailand
- Bangkok Bank: Renovation 7-8 Work Experience with Paa Studio Co.Ltd Bangkok, Thailand
- Mix Used Saladaeng: Lighting Design 9 Internship with Apld Design Co.Ltd Bangkok, Thailand
- Saap Ver Authentic Thai Cuisine 10 Wall Design: Freelancer San Francisco, US.
- Panda Noodle Shop 11-12 Pop-up Kiosk: Freelancer China

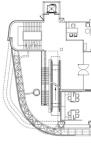






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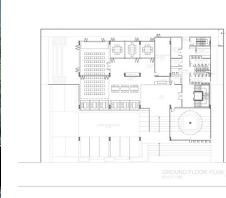
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SECTION 2 SCALE 1200

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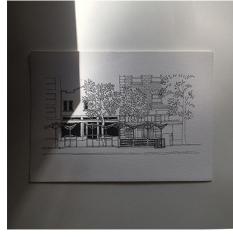
# #drawingdaylight small leather goods

Interests and free time activities Drawing, photography and handcrafting









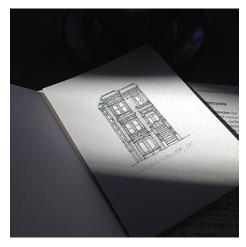


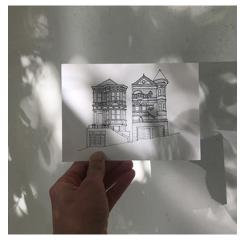
















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